

Advanced Statistical Physics, SS 2017

Sheet 3

Problem 1: (4 points)

Show that the two formulations of the Second Law are equivalent. For review, the two formulations are:

Clausius: Heat cannot go from a colder body to a warmer body unless there is simultaneously another change related to it.

Planck - Thomson: It is impossible to construct a periodically working machine that does nothing else but lift a weight (do work) and cool a heat reservoir. (Such a machine is called perpetuum mobile of second kind.)

Problem 2: (4 points)

- a) Show that there is no machine between two fixed temperature heat reservoirs that is more efficient than the Carnot cycle.
- b) Show that all reversible machines between two reservoirs have the same efficiency.

Problem 3: (4 points)

- a) Consider a thermodynamic system with internal energy $U = U(S, V, N)$. Show that $T = \frac{\partial U}{\partial S}$ is intensive given that U , S , V and N are extensive.
- b) Suppose two systems, one with internal energy $U_1(S_1, V_1, N_1)$ and another with internal energy $U_2(S_2, V_2, N_2)$ are allowed to exchange heat (but not work or mass) through a fixed wall. Show that the second law implies that this exchange of heat cannot decrease the total entropy $S_1 + S_2$.

Hint: In Problem 1 assume that there is a process or a machine contradicting one of the two statements. Couple it with a Carnot cycle to construct a composite process or machine which contradicts the other of the two statements. Note, that a Carnot cycle may be driven in both directions, converting heat into work or work into heat. Proceed similarly for Problem 2.

Deliver your hand-written solutions at the beginning of the lecture on Friday, May 5th.